

**THE WEATHER.**  
 INDIANA Generally fair tonight and Thursday.  
 LOWER MICHIGAN—Cloudy tonight, probably local snows in north portion; Thursday partly cloudy.

**SAYS GARRISON OF 25,000 DEFENDED PRZEMYSL FORT**

**Hungarian Minister of Defense, Baron Hazai, Says Russians' Claims of Great Captures at Fall of Fortress Are False.**

**FAMINE ONLY CAUSE OF STRONGHOLD'S FALL**

**Soldiers Driven to Gnaw Leather Straps to Allay Hunger Pangs—Good Terms of Surrender Secured by Austrians.**

**BULLETIN.**  
 VIENNA (via Berlin and Amsterdam), March 24.—The heroic defense of Przemyśl was conducted by a garrison which never numbered more than 25,000 men, according to Baron Samuel Hazai, Hungarian minister of defense. A dispatch received from Budapest today quotes Baron Hazai as follows:  
 "Russian claims that 100,000 troops were captured at Przemyśl are without any foundation in fact. At no time did the garrison number more than 25,000 men. This number included trench diggers and other military laborers. "By their gallant efforts, however, these soldiers at bay a Russian army many times their number and forced the enemy to believe that the garrison was much larger."  
 PETROGRAD, March 24.—Twenty-four thousand soldiers of the Przemyśl garrison were killed during the long siege there, according to dispatches received at the war office today. Twenty thousand more were wounded, making the total losses of the Austrian defenders 44,000 men.  
 A division of Russian troops entered Przemyśl today, but the main forces that besieged the stronghold will not march in until necessary sanitary precautions have been taken. The single division will police the city.  
 Dispatches from Lemberg state that famine only was responsible for the fall of Przemyśl. The soldiers of the garrison were driven to gnaw upon the leather straps of their equipment in order to satisfy their hunger.  
 The military supplies are said to have been sufficient to let the Austrians hold out for several months. Great stores of ammunition had been transported to Przemyśl before the Russians besieged it and quantities of these had been used.  
 Find 200 Guns Intact.  
 According to a correspondent of the Bourne Gazette at Lemberg 700 large guns were found intact or only slightly damaged when the fortress capitulated. In action to these the Russians also captured a number of field pieces and scores of machine guns.  
 The captured artillery will be of vast help to the Russians. Those that were undamaged are being dismounted and sent to Cracow, while those which have been damaged will be repaired as soon as possible.  
 The work of transferring the captured garrison of Przemyśl to Russian prison camps is expected to require a week. All the trains that can be spared for that duty are already in operation. Many of the wounded cannot be moved yet. Last night's official announcement stated that 402 prisoners had been taken when the fortress fell, but war office officials said today that these figures might be increased.  
 Good Surrender Conditions.  
 The hospitals at Przemyśl have been taken over by the Russian red cross which has also begun a systematic campaign. The line taken to the city by the Austrians when cholera first broke out there, has been followed by the Russians, who have been forwarded from Lemberg to aid the Russian physicians.  
 Excellent conditions of surrender were obtained by the Austrian prisoners at Przemyśl, according to information from Lemberg. The Austrian troops were cheered as they marched from the fallen city with the honors of war. The chief items of the Russian commander's terms were the following:  
 None of the captives should be sent to Siberia.  
 None of the captives should suffer military degradation.  
 Freedom of action for the civil population.  
**TWO WOMEN ASPHYXIATED**  
**Bodies of Sisters Discovered After Two Weeks**  
 OAKLAND, Calif., March 24.—The bodies of Mrs. John Riley and Mrs. G. B. Felton, her sister, have been found at their home by the police.  
 The women, who were past middle age and both wealthy, were asphyxiated by gas, which was still escaping from open jets throughout the house. They had been dead about two weeks and the police think it was a suicide pact. Recently they had inherited a large sum of money and valuable jewelry. The jewels were not located by the police.  
**FEARS FOR MISSIONARIES ARE ALLAYED BY BOARD**  
 NEW YORK, March 24.—While the Presbyterian board of foreign missions has received no word recently from its missionaries in the district of Urumiah, Persia, the opinion was expressed at its office today that the situation there was not as bad as reported. "There are less than 20 missionaries in the Urumiah district, instead of 200 as some reports have stated."

**WIDOW OF "STONEWALL" JACKSON DIES IN SOUTH**  
**Wife of Southern Hero Passes Away After Falling in Health for Number of Years.**

CHARLOTTE, N. C., March 24.—Mrs. Mary Anna Jackson, widow of Gen. Thomas J. Jackson, the famous Confederate leader, better known as "Stonewall" Jackson, died at her home here today.  
 Mrs. Jackson had been in failing health for a number of years. About 1900 she underwent an operation on her head. Since the death of her daughter, Mrs. Julia Christian, the aged widow of the southern hero has lived with her grand children.  
 Mrs. Jackson was born at Mecklenburg, N. C., the daughter of Rev. Robert Hall Morrison, a Presbyterian minister. She married T. J. Jackson in 1857, shortly after her education was finished. Three years later her husband was called away by the war and she was made a widow in 1865, when he was killed at the battle of Chancellorsville. Though she had little of this world's goods, Mrs. Jackson would never accept help and in 1907 the aged woman asked the withdrawal of a bill introduced in the legislature providing a pension of \$100 a month for her. Mrs. Jackson for many years served as president of the Stonewall Jackson chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, and also wrote the biography of her famous husband, under the title "Memoirs of Stonewall Jackson."  
**RECOVER THREE BODIES**  
**Thirteen Missing Believed Victims of Muncie Infirmary Fire.**  
 MUNCIE, Ind., March 24.—Three bodies have been recovered today from the ruins of the county infirmary which burned yesterday. Thirteen inmates were still missing, and it was feared they had perished. The old part of the building, in which the fire started, had been condemned as a fire trap by several grand juries, charity experts and various other investigators.  
 An effort was made by citizens of Muncie recently to have the building torn down and a new structure erected, but the plan did not receive the approval of the county commissioners. The infirmary is four miles outside the city and has no fire protection.  
 On the theory that a dozen inmates of the infirmary may be dead, the walls of the building were being torn down today.  
 Several heroic actions of the inmates in saving the lives of their fellows are reported. "Sunny" Kavanaugh distinguished himself by carrying on his back five men who likely would have been incinerated.  
 W. E. Cog, another inmate, is credited with saving four lives by placing the men on a porch roof after other avenues of escape were closed.

**FIND ANOTHER WOMAN**  
**Tells Attorneys in Love Tangle Letters Were Signed "O."**

NEW YORK, March 24.—Another mysterious woman, who declared she had received letters from the equally mysterious "Oliver Osborne," appeared today in the Osborne-Tanzer-Kaiser love tangle. Associated States District Attorney Hirschstein announced that the woman had communicated with him telling him she had been in correspondence with "Oliver Osborne" and had a number of letters, which were signed "O." Certain expressions and phrases in the letters, similar to those in the letters received by Miss Rose Tanzer and Rose Helen Kaiser indicated strongly that the same person had written the love epistles received by all three women.

**ARBOGAST NOT GUILTY**  
**Jury Acquits Man Accused of Half-Brother's Premeditated Murder.**

INDIANAPOLIS, March 24.—"Not guilty" was the verdict of the jury returned in criminal court this morning in the case of Roy Arbogast, on trial for the alleged murder of his half brother, Earl Hunter. The prosecution charged premeditated murder. The defense showed Arbogast had been threatened and abused by Hunter.

**MURDERER HELD INSANE**  
**Jury of Physicians Holds John Crazy Irresponsible for Killing.**

LOGANSPORT, Ind., March 24.—John Gray, a Medford, Mo., farmer, living near that town several days ago, was brought to Longville asylum here today, a jury of physicians having adjudged him irresponsible for the act. Gray, until a year ago lived near Sheldon, Ill.

**SAVE 15 OFF SUNKEN SHIP**  
**Surviving Crew of American Steamer Carib Arrived in New York.**

NEW YORK, March 25.—Fifteen members of the crew of the American steamer Carib, which was sunk by a mine off the German coast in February, arrived here today on board the American steamer Southerner from Rotterdam. The Carib was sunk on her way to Bremen with a cargo of cotton, the seamen being picked up by a German patrol ship after floating about in a lifeboat for three hours.

**COW GOES WOMAN**  
**Mrs. Laura Green in Critical Condition from Beast's Wounds.**

LEXINGTON, Ky., March 24.—Mrs. Laura Green, wife of a farmer near here, is in a critical condition today as the result of a fight with an infuriated cow yesterday. After being stoned by the animal Mrs. Green seized the horns of the maddened beast and held on until her cries attracted her husband, who came to her rescue.

**BRITISH AIR MEN SET SUBMARINE WORKS ON FIRE**

**Drop Eight Bombs on German Plant at Hoboken—Expect Aerial Attack on England in Two Weeks.**

LONDON, March 24.—Another daring feat has been accomplished by British aviators flying against the Germans. Aviators of the Royal Naval Air Service flying across Belgium, dropped eight bombs upon the German submarine works in Hoboken, near Antwerp, setting the plant afire.  
 The following account of this daring achievement was made today by the admiralty through the government press bureau:  
 "British aviators have bombarded the German submarine construction plant in Hoboken near Antwerp. Eight bombs were dropped, the works being set on fire. This aerial attack was conducted with great skill and daring as the Germans had mounted high angle guns with which to bombard hostile aerial craft along the Belgian coast."  
**TO ATTACK ENGLAND AGAIN IN TWO WEEKS.**  
 AMSTERDAM, March 24.—Germany will launch her great aerial attack against England within two weeks, according to travelers who arrived here today from Berlin. They stated that a great fleet of Zeppelins and aeroplanes had been concentrated at Brussels and Cologne and that these airships probably would set out on Easter Sunday if weather conditions are favorable.  
 A new Zeppelin, the ninth constructed since the war began, has arrived at Cologne and another will be completed within a few days.  
 The Zeppelin raids on Paris and Calais, the travelers assert, were only tests to determine whether all were in good condition for the flight to England.  
 Reports received here from other sources state that German submarines are preparing for a raid as far south as Gibraltar, where they will attempt to block the straits by sinking ships there. These reports are given little credence as the straits of Gibraltar are more than eight miles wide.

**MORE MEN AT GALLIPOLI**  
**Allies Reported to Have Increased Land Forces in Turkey.**

LONDON, March 24.—The Daily Express publishes a dispatch from Athens today stating that a force of allied troops was landed on the peninsula of Gallipoli late yesterday from transports from the gulf of Saros. The dispatch stated that a general attack by land and water on the Dardanelles fortifications would be taken on Easter Sunday. French and British warships which are now on their way, joined the present detail of warships that are battering away at the numerous forts.  
 The censor permitted the transmission of the dispatch but the government press bureau stated that no confirmation of the report has been received.

**PROTECT NEUTRALITY OF U. S. IN AMERICAN PORTS**

**Main Points in Note to Allies on Embargo Said to Be Determined.**

WASHINGTON, March 24.—Government officials today gave most of their attention to preventing the violation of Uncle Sam's neutrality by foreign ships now in American ports. This new phase of the international situation has stirred the authorities to active and temporary pushing aside interest in the reply to Great Britain's plan to starve out Germany.  
 The main points of the note to the allies are said to have been determined and the preparation of the document is under way.  
 Three departments of the government, navy, treasury and justice got into action following the attempt of the Hamburg-American liner Odenwald to leave San Francisco for Rio de Janeiro without clearance papers. The neutrality resolution passed in the closing hours of the last congress was brought into play for the first time when proceedings were ordered by the attorney general to prevent the ship from leaving.  
 It was stated further information will be awaited before any action under the criminal clause of the resolution is taken.

**GALES ABATE AND SHIPS MAKE NEW ATTACK ON FORTS**

**Nine of Largest Vessels in Allied Fleet Enter Dardanelles and Pour Shells Upon Repaired Turkish Fortifications**

LONDON, March 24.—Battleships of the French and British fleet renewed their attack on the Dardanelles forts at dawn today, according to a dispatch from Mitylene transmitted from Athens today. It stated that nine of the largest vessels of the fleet entered the straits and began pouring a rain of shells upon the repaired Turkish fortifications.  
 CONSTANTINOPLE (via Berlin and Amsterdam), March 24.—Gales that have been sweeping over the Aegean sea and the Dardanelles are now decreasing in violence and advances from Smyrna state that the Anglo-French fleet is forming for a new attack on the forts along the straits.  
 Sultan Mehmed has conferred the medal of the highest Turkish military order upon Field Marshal von Der Goltz for his help in preparing for the defense of the Dardanelles.  
 Syrian newspapers publish a proclamation issued by Djemal Pasha, commander of the Turkish troops operating against Egypt, denying certain rumors concerning the first Turkish reconnaissance against the Suez canal. According to this proclamation Djemal Pasha is actively preparing for operation on a large scale against the British troops defending the canal and denies that any severe defeat has been inflicted upon the Turks in the Egyptian theater of operations. The proclamation concludes with these words: "The people must put their trust in the army and remain calm. With the help of Allah we shall enter Cairo as conquerors."  
 According to Djemal Pasha the Turkish losses in Egypt were 14 officers killed, 18 wounded, and 18 missing; 109 privates killed, 296 wounded and 446 missing.

**MILITIA AND POSSES AID IN HUNT FOR SLAYER**

**Feeling in Elmira Runs High Against Yeggman Who Escaped by Shooting Officer.**

ELMIRA, N. Y., March 24.—While widespread search was being conducted by the entire police force, posesses of citizens and members of the national guard, two rewards totalling \$2,000 were offered today for the capture of Jack Cramer, a notorious yeggman, who is accused of the murder of Chief of Police John Finnell and Detective Sgt. Charles Gradwell yesterday afternoon. The two officials were shot to death in a rooming house while questioning Cramer and Edward W. Starvel about a series of burglaries in this city. Starvel lays the blame for the shooting of Chief Finnell upon Cramer.  
 Members of the 30th company of infantry, New York National Guard, were called out by Supreme Court Justice McCann, and joined in the search. But there was another reason for their presence. Feeling runs so high against Cramer that it was feared he would be lynched when captured.

**DENIES FRANCHISE FOR COMPETING GARY PLANT**

**Public Service Commission Refuses Charter for Heat and Light Company.**

INDIANAPOLIS, March 24.—Contrary to prevalent expectations the public service commission refused permission to Gary, Ind., citizens headed by I. Moe, and others to obtain a franchise from Gary to install a new electric light plant to compete with the Gary Heat, Light & Power Co., which last week surrendered its Gary city franchise.  
 This decision is one of the most important rendered by the commission. Gary citizens have complained that the light furnished by the Gary Heat, Light & Power Co., a subsidiary of the United States Steel corporation, is inferior in quality and the rates thereon, based on an alleged overvaluation of the plant, are exorbitant and for this reason relief was sought through a competing company. No arrangements for an appeal of the valuation of the existing plant have been made by the commission as yet. The surrender of its franchise on the part of the trust plant is regarded as a strategic move to forestall hostile action by the commission.  
 Judge Anderson remanded the men into the custody of the marshal who will lodge them in jail unless bond is furnished before night.  
 Says He Gave \$1,500.  
 Adolph Gagg, secretary of the Washburn Realty Co., of which he stated Crawford Fairbanks, politician, said he gave Maurice Walsh, treasurer of the democratic county committee, \$1,500 which Fairbanks gave him for that purpose.  
 Gagg said he was in Peoria on registration day but filled out an absentee blank and left it with a notary to be given to Eli Redman.  
 "When you went to vote did not register?" asked Dist. Atty. Dailey.  
 Gagg hesitated.  
 "Answer," directed Judge Anderson.  
 "Why, I thought she said my name was not on her book," Gagg replied.  
 "Did you not hear Jack Hines say that every man had a right to vote whether registered or not?"  
 "No."  
 Nugent Demanded Fund.  
 Martin J. Riley, Terre Haute agent of the Schultz Brewing Co., said that John Nugent demanded \$50 for the "slush fund," and that George Severn gambler, asked him for \$200, saying he came at the direction of Mayor Roberts.  
 "Did you talk to anyone about campaign money?" asked Dailey.  
 "Yes, I saw Eli Redman and he said he was short of money and wanted \$50. I gave it to him."  
 "When you gave Redman that \$50 did you not think the saloons you sold to might be benefited by Redman being in jail?" asked Dailey.  
 Riley admitted it.  
 Dan Albion, foreign saloon keeper, swore that Alex Acelz a week ago tried to dissuade him from testifying and approached him again with the same object.  
 Albion said he was served with a restraining order issued by Judge Cox, and went to Roberts for advice.  
 "Roberts said that order amounts to nothing, pay no attention to it," Albion said. "Roberts said if anybody interfered with you, you got protection."  
 "Did Roberts give you any money?" asked Dailey.  
 "Yes, he gave me \$25."  
 Roberts Wanted to See Witness.  
 Reverting to efforts to influence his testimony, Albion said Acelz told him Roberts wanted to see him before he came to testify. Saturday the 13th, Acelz called to the Marion county jail and warned the remaining 25 defendants in the Terre Haute election fraud prosecutions that if any further attempts to influence witnesses were shown he would order the 28 men who today of the United States marshal pleaded not guilty placed in the custody of the prosecution is ended.  
 "I desire to show these gentlemen," (CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO.)

**ANDERSON SCORES ROBERTS AND AIDS, THREATENS CELL**

**Federal Judge Bitterly Assails Defendants When Evidence Is Revealed Showing Attempts to Influence Witness.**

**PUTS FOUR UNDER NEW BONDS OF \$5,000 EACH**

**Unless This Bail Is Furnished Before Night Terre Haute Mayor, Sheriff and Police Judge Will Go to Jail.**

INDIANAPOLIS, March 24.—Just before noon adjournment Judge Anderson excoed the jury and bitterly scored Roberts, Shea, Police Judge Smith and Acelz, alias Steele, all defendants in the Terre Haute election fraud cases, when he reviewed their efforts to tamper with government witnesses. The court stated that information was brought to him that Shea had been detected in the act of signalling to witnesses on the stand.  
 "These gentlemen apparently have no regard for any law. I have decided this case requires that Shea, Smith, Steele and Roberts be entered into recognizance bonds of \$5,000 each to appear in this court to answer to both sections of the statute applying to this case."  
 Judge Anderson then read the sections. One provides a fine of \$1,000 and not more than one year imprisonment or both, for influencing witnesses and the second provides a fine of \$5,000 or not more than six years imprisonment, or both, for conspiracy to intimidate a witness.  
 "The testimony shows that Roberts exercised a strange influence over the men in this case," Judge Anderson continued.  
 "It was shown he sent Frank Hess to bribe a witness. It was shown he attempted to have a witness testify falsely. Detective Watts testified Roberts employed him to trail officers of this court and report what witnesses were subpoenaed. Holler, Roberts' tool, was stationed on the third floor of this building when the grand jury met."  
 Judge Anderson remanded the men into the custody of the marshal who will lodge them in jail unless bond is furnished before night.  
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**Milton B. Griffith**  
 May 6, 1870—March 24, 1915.



**BERLIN CLAIMS CAPTURE OF 3,000 MORE RUSSIANS**

**Majority of These Were Taken Prisoners in Fighting Northwest of Ostroleka, Slav Fortress on Narew River.**

BERLIN (by Wireless), March 24.—The capture of 3,000 more Russians by German troops is announced in today's official report from the general staff. Five hundred of these were captured by the Germans pursuing the Russians who were driven from Memel, while 2,500 were taken in fighting northwest of Ostroleka, the Russian fortress on the Narew river in Poland.  
 French attacks in Alsace were repulsed, the report also states, and attempts of the French to win back ground lost by them northwest of Pont-A-Mousson were unsuccessful.  
 "Western theater.—In Champagne, only a few duels took place yesterday. In the Priest Wald (La Priester forest) northwest of Pont-A-Mousson, the enemy was repulsed while trying to win back ground gained by the Germans.  
 "Eastern theater.—German troops pursuing the retreating Russians to the northward of Memel captured 500 Russians near Polangen. They also took three guns, three machine guns, much baggage, and a number of other goods stolen by the Russians.  
 "Near Lausargen, southwest of Taurongen and northeast of Mariampol Russian attacks were repulsed, causing heavy losses to the enemy. Northwest of Ostroleka several Russian attacks failed. In this region the Germans captured 29 officers, more than 2,400 men and five machine guns.  
 "Several charges made by the enemy to the east of Plock also failed.  
 "The German army expresses its cordial thanks to the gallant garrison of Przemyśl, which, after four months' defense full of sacrifices, could be overpowered only by hunger."

**LABOR LEADERS CONVENE**

**Union Heads Discuss Chicago Union Troubles for Fiscal Year.**

CHICAGO, March 24.—A conference on the labor situation in Chicago was held here today by labor leaders of national prominence. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor; Frank McNulty, president of the International Brotherhood of Electric Workers; John Hines, president of the Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers; John R. Alpine, president of the Plumbers, Steamfitters and Gasfitters; and George Hedrick, president of the Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paper Hangers, were the chief figures in the conference.  
 Several disputes between employers and unions in Chicago over wages for the coming fiscal year were up for consideration.  
 PRESTONBURG, Ky., March 24.—The strike troubles in the mines of the Colonial Coal Co. in Floyd and Pike counties are at an end. Eighty out of the 104 miners who went on strike two weeks ago returned to work today, the differences having been settled by arbitration.  
 ASK ARMS EMBARGO.  
 STEELING, Ill., March 24.—The Illinois United Evangelical church today sent a telegram to President Wilson asking him to prohibit the shipment of arms and ammunition to the warring nations in Europe.

**MILTON GRIFFITH, MUSIC SPONSOR OF SOUTH BEND, DIED**

**Head of Conservatory and Manager of Most of City's Ambitious Musical Efforts Succumbs After Short Illness**

**END COMES ON EVE OF FRIEND'S VISIT HERE**

**Cadman-Redfeather Concert Planned for Friday, His Last Effort in Behalf of Music Lovers, May Be Postponed**

Milton B. Griffith, a man who had done perhaps more than any other one man for the advancement of music in South Bend, died of heart failure Wednesday morning at 3 o'clock at his home, 1008 W. Colfax av. He had been suffering for two days, was thought, from an attack of acute indigestion, but Tuesday felt much improved and was up and about in his house all day. Tuesday night, restless because of acute pains in his chest, kept him up much of the night but toward morning he fell asleep. At 3 o'clock Mrs. Griffith was awakened by his heavy breathing. She tried to wake him, but, failing, called Dr. Terry, who lives but a short distance from the Griffith home, but death came before the physician could arrive.  
 Griffith's death comes as a great shock to his family, his musical associates and his friends. Even Tuesday he was busy attending to business over the telephone relative to the Cadman-Redfeather concert arranged for Friday evening.  
 Cadman-Redfeather, a personal friend of Mr. Griffith, who was looking forward to the concert as the most pleasant event of the season. Whether the concert will be given is not yet known. Mr. Cadman was notified of Mr. Griffith's death, but is thought that he was already en route for the city before the word arrived as he had intended spending several days with Mr. and Mrs. Griffith. The Progress club, which was to have given a reception Saturday afternoon for Cadman and Tansman Redfeather, has recalled its invitations.  
 Put City on Music Map.  
 As director of the South Bend Conservatory of Music, he has worked hard for the past nine years to give South Bend a position on the musical map. Previous to the organization of the conservatory he had located his studio in the rooms now occupied by the conservatory and was acting as director of the South Bend Choral club, through which the first May music festival was given in South Bend. After the conservatory was organized Mr. Griffith took himself responsible for the continuance of the festival and through him were brought to the city many of the greatest artists of the day.  
 Mr. Griffith was born May 6, 1870, near Granger, Ind. He was educated after being graduated from the State Normal at Terre Haute, Ind. He attended Indiana university several years and from there went east to pursue his musical education. He turned from the east to take a time at Tarkio college, Tarkio, Mo. and later went to St. Louis where he was associated with the Choral Synagogue. He was married April 15, 1892, to Mrs. Alice, nee Helen Webster, who with two young daughters, Frances and Kathryn, survives him. Surviving also are his adopted parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Griffith of Harris township, and one brother living.  
 Organized Conservatory in 1905.  
 Shortly after their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Griffith went to Chicago where Mr. Griffith taught, coming to South Bend one or two days out of the week to teach at the State Normal at Terre Haute, Ind. He attended Indiana university several years and from there went east to pursue his musical education. He turned from the east to take a time at Tarkio college, Tarkio, Mo. and later went to St. Louis where he was associated with the Choral Synagogue. He was married April 15, 1892, to Mrs. Alice, nee Helen Webster, who with two young daughters, Frances and Kathryn, survives him. Surviving also are his adopted parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Griffith of Harris township, and one brother living.  
 For some time past he has been director of the quartet choir of the First Presbyterian church and one of his most noteworthy achievements is late has been the series of Sunday afternoon concerts at the Presbyterian church which have met with such unprecedented success during the past winter, and which he managed throughout. Mr. Griffith was also a member and organizer of the Linden male quartet.  
 Deepest regret for the death of Mr. Griffith is expressed by the musical fraternity of the city. It is the general feeling of the musicians with whom he has so long been associated that, in the words of one associate "he has given his life for the promotion of the musical welfare of the city." Funeral arrangements have not yet been made.  
**MOTHER STANDS BY SON**  
 Lizzie Blacketer Says Alleged Murderer Is Insane.  
 TERRE HAUTE, Ind., March 24.—"I will stand by Vernie to the end," said Lizzie Blacketer, mother of the slayer of the Balding family, "I'm sure he must be insane." Terre Haute detectives concur in this view.